Techno Adhesives Co. SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

Techno Adhesives #440 Contact Adhesive **Product Name:**

Product Code: 440 **Product Type:** Liquid

Product Manufacturer: Techno Adhesives Company

> 12113 Mosteller Road Cincinnati, OH 45241 (800) 432-0107

In case of an emergency: United States: (800) 633-8253

International: (801) 629-0667 – Professional Emergency Response

Services, Acct #9137

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Medium thin liquid, light amber color, solvent odor. Appearance/Odor:

Classification: FLAMMABLE LIQUID; HIGHLY FLAMMABLE - Category 2, H225

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A, H319

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

[Narcotic effects] - Category 3, H336

DANGER Signal word:

Hazard statements: H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H319: Causes eye irritation.

H336: Specific organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3),

Central nervous system (CNS).

Hazard pictograms:





Precautionary statements

Prevention: P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No

smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P240: Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261: Avoid breathing fumes/vapors.

Section 2. Hazards Identification

P264: Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear eye protection/face protection. Wear protective

gloves.

Response: P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off

immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower.

P304 + P340 + P312: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

P337 +P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention.

P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use alcohol-resistant foam, dry

chemical or carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Storage: P403 + P233: Store in well ventilated place. Keep container tightly

closed.

P403 + P235: Store in well ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

Disposal: P501: Disposal of contents/container to be specified in accordance

with regulations.

GHS label elements

General: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical

advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

OSHA/HCS status: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Hazards not otherwise

classified: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance/Mixture: Mixture

Other means of identification : Not available

CAS Number/Other Identifiers

CAS Number : Not applicable.

| Component | % | CAS Number |
|-----------|----|-------------------|
| Acetone | 78 | 67-64-1 |

Any concentration shown as a range is due to batch variation in the petroleum source used.

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Description of Necessary First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and

lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for

at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing

and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

waistband.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh

air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute And Delayed Potential Acute Health Effects

Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Inhalation: Vapors that are inhaled may be irritating and CNS-depressant. Symptoms may

include: nausea, headaches, dizziness, vertigo, unconsciousness to coma and

death upon extended and severe exposure.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation. Prolonged contact may lead to dryness of skin and

dermatitis.

Ingestion: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed, If Necessary

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or

inhaled.

Specific Treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of First Responders: No action taken shall be taken involving any personal risk

without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Lower Explosive Limit (LEL) 2.6% (V)
Upper Explosive Limit (UEL) 12.8% (V)

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or

carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Unusual Fire and Explosion

Hazards:

All 5 gallon pails and larger containers should be grounded when transferred. Material is volatile and gives off vapors which may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation

and be ignited by pilot lights, flames, sparks, heaters, electrical motors, smoking and static discharge or other ignition sources at locations far from material. DO NOT USE WELDING OR CUTTING TORCH ON DRUMS EVEN WHEN

EMPTY.

Product of Combustion: Decomposition products may include carbon monoxide and

carbon dioxide.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water may be ineffective but may be used to keep fire

exposed containers cool.

Protection of Firefighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the

vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protection equipment

and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full

face-piece operated in a positive pressure mode.

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Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-emergency Personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep

unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate

personal protective equipment.

For Emergency Responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take

note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency

personnel".

Environmental Precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution

(sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for Containment

Small Spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area.

Absorb with an inert absorbent material and place in an closed metal container (USDOT if waste will be transported). Dispose

of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large Spill: Eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames including pilot

lights, electrical sparks. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with inert, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal

according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and

Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Protective Measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section

8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from sources of ignition – NO SMOKING. Take

measures to prevent the buildup of electrostatic charge. Keep

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Section 7. Handling and Storage

in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

General Occupational Hygiene:

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Safe Storage Conditions:

Keep away from flame, sparks, excessive temperatures and open flame. Store in accordance with local regulations. The storage area should comply with NFPA 30 "Flammable and Combustible Liquid Code". Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. This product should only be stored and handled in areas with intrinsically safe electrical classification.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Occupational Exposure Limits:

| List | Components | CAS-No. | Туре | Value |
|---------|------------|---------|------|-----------------------------------|
| OSHA Z1 | Acetone | 67-64-1 | PEL | 1,000 ppm 2,400 mg/m ³ |
| ACGIH | Acetone | 67-64-1 | TWA | 500 ppm |
| | | 67-64-1 | STEL | 750 ppm |

Engineering Controls:

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental Exposure Controls:

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual Protection Measures

Hygiene Measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling

chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/Face Protection:

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin Protection

Hand Protection:

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling product. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Chemicalresistant gloves.

Body Protection:

Flame retardant, antistatic and impervious clothing is recommended. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other Skin Protection:

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Respiratory Protection: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator

complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid.

Color: Light amber.

Odor: Characteristic solvent odor.

pH: Not Available.Melting Point: Not Applicable.

Boiling Point: 133°F **Specific Gravity:** .79 g/cm³

Solubility in Water Partially soluble.

VOC Content: 0 g/l (EPA Method 24 – less water and VOC exempt compounds)

Vapor Pressure: 185 mm

Vapor Density (AIR = 1): 2.0

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity:No specific test data related to reactivity is available for

this product or its ingredients.

Chemical Stability: Stable.

Conditions to Avoid: No specific data.

Incompatible Materials: Acid, bases, reducing agents, strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

decomposition products should not be produced.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

reactions will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity

| Component | CAS No | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|-------------|----------|
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | LD50 Oral | Mouse | 3,000 mg/kg | - |

67-64-1 LC50 Mouse 44000 mg/m3 4 h

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Sensitization: Not availableCarcinogenity: Not availableReproductive Toxicity: Not availableTeratogenicity: Not available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Central nervous system (CNS).

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Oral, Dermal, Inhalation

Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

| Component | CAS No | Test | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-----------|---------|-----------|-------------------|------------|----------|
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | LC50 Fish | Fathead Minnow | 7,500 mg/l | 96 h |
| | 67-64-1 | LC50 | Water Flea | 8,800 mg/l | 48 h |

Bioaccumulative Potential

Mobility in Soil

Coefficient (K_{oc})

Soil/water Partition : Not available.

Other Adverse Effects : No known significant effects of critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Treatment Methods

Product

Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.

Contaminated

Dispose of as unused product.

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Packaging:

Section 14. Transport Information

| | DOT Classification | IMDG | IATA |
|--------------------------|--------------------|----------|----------|
| UN Number | 1133 | 1133 | 1133 |
| UN Proper Shipping Name | Adhesive | Adhesive | Adhesive |
| Transport Hazard Classes | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing Group | II | П | П |
| Environmental Hazards | - | - | - |
| Additional Information | - | - | - |

Special Precautions for User

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

OSHA Hazards : Flammable liquid
Mild skin irritant

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U.S. Federal Regulations : United States Inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed

or exempted.

DSL Status : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL list.

SARA 302 Components : No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements

of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Fire hazard.

Acute health hazard. Chronic health hazard.

SARA 313 Components : This material does not contain any chemical components with known

CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels

established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

PENN RTKUS Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law (34 Pa.

Code Chap. 301-323)

Components CAS-No. Acetone 67-64-1

MASS RTK US Massachusetts Commonwealth's Right-to-Know Law (Appendix A to

105 Code of Massachusetts Regulations Section 670.000)

Components CAS-No. Acetone 67-64-1

Section 15. Regulatory Information

NJ RTK

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act (New Jersey Statute Annotated Section 34:5A-5)

Components Acetone

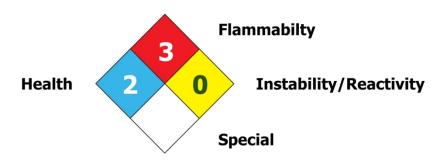
CAS-No. 67-64-1

Label for Supply



Section 16. Other Information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Section 16. Other Information

HMIS Rating

Health Hazard : 2
Chronic Health Hazard : *
Flammability : 3
Physical Hazard : 0

History

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Date of issue/Date of Revision : 9/22/17
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References : Not available

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